08-52028-lmc Doc#16 Filed 01/08/09 Entered 01/08/09 13:24:21 Main Document Pg 1 of 3

SO ORDERED.

SIGNED this 07th day of January, 2009.

LEIF M. CLARK
UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE

08-52028-C

United States Bankruptcy Court

Western District of Texas San Antonio Division

IN RE BANKR. CASE NO.

CHRISTOPHER JOHN GAMBOA & EILEEN
MARIE GAMBOA

Debtors Chapter 7

ORDER DENYING REAFFIRMATION AGREEMENT AND DECLARING SECURED CREDITOR'S RIGHTS

CAME ON for hearing the foregoing matter. The court disapproves the reaffirmation agreement between the debtors and Colonial Savings, F.A., because the debtors no longer wish to proceed with reaffirmation, after considering the precautionary comments of the court. The debtors are current on their indebtedness to the creditor. In an uncertain real estate market, reaffirmation is not wise, because the debtors would be surrendering their discharge and be exposed to personal liability for any deficiency in the event of a foreclosure.

Notwithstanding such denial, the court finds and concludes that the creditor holds a valid and enforceable *in rem* claim. The creditor is accordingly expressly authorized and permitted to enforce

the obligation of the debtors to the creditor as an *in rem* obligation, such enforcement to include the right to notify the debtor of payments that are or are to become due, the right to demand payment when such payments are not made (either in full or in part), the right to threaten resort to *in rem* remedies in the event of non-payment, the right to accelerate the indebtedness, the right to give notice of foreclosure sale, and the right to conduct and complete such foreclosure sale, so long as all of the foregoing are conducted in accordance with the terms of the indebtedness, and further in accordance with applicable non-bankruptcy law. None of the foregoing shall ever constitute a violation of the discharge injunction entered in this case pursuant to section 524(a) of title 11.

Further, the creditor is authorized and permitted to communicate with the debtor regarding the status of the account, either orally or in writing, and the debtors are authorized and permitted to obtain information from the creditor, either orally or in writing, regarding the status of the account. The creditor is authorized and permitted to afford to the debtors the same services with respect to this account as they would enjoy had there been no bankruptcy, including as applicable internet access to the account, the use of electronic funds transfers as a means of payment, the right to receive regular billing statements, and regular escrow updates. The provision of all such services shall never constitute a violation of the discharge injunction entered in this case pursuant to section 524(a) of title 11.

Further, the creditor is authorized and permitted to renegotiate the terms of the indebtedness with the debtors (provided that such renegotiated indebtedness shall remain as an *in rem* liability of the debtors), to provide payoff amounts for the purposes of any refinancing with a third party, or for the purposes of a sale of the underlying property. The provision of any of the foregoing shall never constitute a violation of the discharge injunction entered in this case pursuant to section 524(a) of title 11.

Once the creditor has enforced its *in rem* remedies, the creditor is barred by the discharge injunction from taking any steps to further enforce the obligation, as an *in personam* liability of the debtors, either directly or indirectly, by judicial action or otherwise.

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